

Company Name:	Orion Electrotech Ltd “the Company”	
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Contents

- Introduction
- Definitions
- Data *processing* under the Data Protection Laws
 1. The data protection principles
 2. Legal bases for processing
 3. Privacy by design and by default
- Rights of the Individual
 1. Privacy notices
 2. Subject access requests
 3. Rectification
 4. Erasure
 5. Restriction of *processing*
 6. Data portability
 7. Object to *processing*
 8. Enforcement of rights
 9. Automated decision making
- Personal data breaches
 1. *Personal data breaches* where the Company is the *data controller*
 2. *Personal data breaches* where the Company is the *data processor*
 3. Communicating *personal data breaches* to individuals
- The Human Rights Act 1998
- Complaints

Appendix

Annex – legal bases for processing personal data

The Company is fully committed to compliance with the requirements of the Data Protection Act 2018 and all other data protection legislation currently in force. The Regulation applies to anyone processing personal data and sets out principles which should be followed and gives rights to those whose data is being processed.

These rights must be observed at all times when processing or using personal information. Therefore, through appropriate management and strict application of criteria and controls, the Company will:

- observe fully the conditions regarding having a lawful basis to process personal information;
- meet its legal obligations to specify the purposes for which information is used;
- collect and process appropriate information only to the extent that it is necessary to fulfil operational needs or to comply with any legal requirements;
- ensure the information held is accurate and up to date;
- ensure that the information is held for no longer than is necessary;
- ensure that the rights of people about whom information is held can be fully exercised under the Data Protection Act 2018 (i.e. the right to be informed that processing is being undertaken, to access personal information on request; to prevent processing in certain circumstances, and to correct, rectify, block or erase information that is regarded as wrong information);

- take appropriate technical and organisational security measures to safeguard personal information;
- ensure that personal information is not transferred outside the EU, to other countries or international organisations without an adequate level of protection.

This policy sets out how the Company implements the Data Protection Laws. It should be read in conjunction with the Data Protection Procedure.

In this policy the following terms have the following meanings:

'consent' means any freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of an individual's wishes by which he or she, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, signifies agreement to the *processing* of personal data relating to him or her;

'data controller' means an individual or organisation which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the *processing of personal data*;

'data processor' means an individual or organisation which processes *personal data* on behalf of the *data controller*;

'personal data'* means any information relating to an individual who can be identified, such as by a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person.

'personal data breach' means a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, *personal data*;

'processing' means any operation or set of operations performed on *personal data*, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage (including archiving), adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.

'profiling' means any form of automated *processing of personal data* consisting of the use of *personal data* to evaluate certain personal aspects relating to an individual, in particular to analyse or predict aspects concerning that natural person's performance at work, economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behaviour, location or movements;

'pseudonymisation' means the *processing of personal data* in such a manner that the *personal data* can no longer be attributed to an individual without the use of additional information, provided that such additional information is kept separately and is subject to technical and organisational measures to ensure that the *personal data* are not attributed to an identified or identifiable individual;

'sensitive personal data'* means *personal data* revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the *processing* of genetic data, biometric data, data concerning health, an individual's sex life or sexual orientation and an individual's criminal convictions.

* For the purposes of this policy we use the term '*personal data*' to include '*sensitive personal data*' except where we specifically need to refer to *sensitive personal data*.

'Supervisory authority' means an independent public authority which is responsible for monitoring the application of data protection. In the UK the *supervisory authority* is [the Information Commissioner's Office](#) (ICO).

All of these definitions are italicised throughout this policy to remind the reader that they are defined terms.

The Company processes *personal data* in relation to its own staff, work-seekers and individual client contacts and is a *data controller* for the purposes of the Data Protection Laws. The Company has registered with the ICO and its registration number is Z7386310.

The Company may hold *personal data* on individuals for the following purposes:

- Staff administration;
- Advertising, marketing and public relations
- Accounts and records;
- Administration and *processing* of work-seekers' *personal data* for the purposes of providing work-finding services, including *processing* using software solution providers and back office support;
- Administration and *processing* of clients' *personal data* for the purposes of supplying/introducing work-seekers and;
- Identification / Right to work checks where required for contractual purposes
- Health Information (as and when required for certain job roles)

1.The data protection principles

The Data Protection Laws require the Company acting as either *data controller* or *data processor* to process data in accordance with the principles of data protection. These require that *personal data* is:

1. Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner;
2. Collected for specified and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes;
3. Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed;
4. Accurate and kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that *personal data* that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay;
5. Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the *personal data* are processed;
6. Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the *personal data*, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful *processing* and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures; and that
7. The *data controller* shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate, compliance with the principles.

2.Legal bases for processing

The Company will only process *personal data* where it has a legal basis for doing so (see Annex A). Where the Company does not have a legal reason for *processing personal data* any processing will be a breach of the Data Protection Laws.

The Company will review the *personal data* it holds on a regular basis to ensure it is being lawfully processed and it is accurate, relevant and up to date and those people listed in the Appendix shall be responsible for doing this.

Before transferring *personal data* to any third party (such as past, current or prospective employers, suppliers, customers and clients, intermediaries such as umbrella companies, persons making an enquiry or complaint and any other third party (such as software solutions providers and back office support)), the Company will establish that it has a legal reason for making the transfer.

3. Privacy by design and by default

The Company has implemented measures and procedures that adequately protect the privacy of individuals and ensures that data protection is integral to all *processing* activities. This includes implementing measures such as:

- data minimisation (i.e. not keeping data for longer than is necessary);
- *pseudonymisation*;
- anonymisation;
- cyber security and;

For further information please refer to the Company's Information Security Policy.

The Company shall provide any information relating to data *processing* to an individual in a concise, transparent, intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language. The information shall be provided in writing, or by other means, including, where appropriate, by electronic means. The Company may provide this information orally if requested to do so by the individual.

1. Privacy notices

Where the Company collects *personal data* from the individual, the Company will give the individual a privacy notice at the time when it first obtains the *personal data*.

Where the Company collects *personal data* other than from the individual directly, it will give the individual a privacy notice within a reasonable period after obtaining the *personal data*, but at the latest within one month. If the Company intends to disclose the *personal data* to a third party then the privacy notice will be issued when the *personal data* are first disclosed (if not issued sooner).

Where the Company intends to further process the *personal data* for a purpose other than that for which the data was initially collected, the Company will give the individual information on that other purpose and any relevant further information before it does the further *processing*.

Throughout employment and for as long as is necessary after the termination of employment, the Company will need to process data about you. The kind of data that the Company will process includes:

- any references obtained during recruitment;
- details of terms of employment;
- payroll details;
- tax and national insurance information;
- details of job duties;
- details of health and sickness absence records;
- details of holiday records;
- information about performance;
- details of any disciplinary and grievance investigations and proceedings;
- training records;
- contact names and addresses;
- correspondence with the Company and other information that you have given the Company.

The Company believes that those records used are consistent with the employment relationship between the Company and yourself and with the data protection principles. The data the Company holds will be for management and administrative use only but the Company may, from time to time, need to disclose some data it holds about you to relevant third parties (e.g. where legally obliged to do so by HM Revenue & Customs, where requested to do so by yourself for the purpose of giving a reference or in relation to maintenance support and/or the hosting of data in relation to the provision of insurance).

In some cases the Company may hold sensitive data, which is defined by the legislation as special categories of personal data, about you. For example, this could be information about health, racial or ethnic origin, criminal convictions, trade union membership, or religious beliefs. This information may be processed not only to meet the Company's legal responsibilities but, for example, for purposes of personnel management and administration, suitability for employment, and to comply with equal opportunity legislation. Since this information is considered sensitive, the processing of which may cause concern or distress, you will be asked to give express consent for this information to be processed, unless the Company has a specific legal requirement to process such data.

2. Subject access requests

The individual is entitled to access their *personal data* on written request from the *data controller*.

3. Rectification

The individual or another *data controller* at the individual's request, has the right to ask the Company to rectify any inaccurate or incomplete *personal data* concerning an individual.

If the Company has given the *personal data* to any third parties, it will tell those third parties that it has received a request to rectify the *personal data* unless this proves impossible or involves disproportionate effort. Those third parties should also rectify the *personal data* they hold - however the Company will not be in a position to audit those third parties to ensure that the rectification has occurred.

4. Erasure

The individual or another *data controller* at the individual's request, has the right to ask the Company to erase an individual's *personal data*.

If the Company receives a request to erase it will ask the individual if s/he wants his *personal data* to be removed entirely or whether s/he is happy for his or her details to be kept on a list of individuals who do not want to be contacted in the future. The Company cannot keep a record of individuals whose data it has erased so the individual may be contacted again by the Company should the Company come into possession of the individual's *personal data* at a later date.

If the Company has made the data public, it shall take reasonable steps to inform other *data controllers* and *data processors* processing the *personal data* to erase the *personal data*, taking into account available technology and the cost of implementation.

If the Company has given the *personal data* to any third parties it will tell those third parties that it has received a request to erase the *personal data*, unless this proves impossible or involves disproportionate effort. Those third parties should also rectify the *personal data* they hold - however the Company will not be in a position to audit those third parties to ensure that the rectification has occurred.

Data Security

You are responsible for ensuring that any personal data that you hold and/or process as part of your job role is stored securely.

You must ensure that personal information is not disclosed either orally or in writing, or via web pages, or by any other means, accidentally or otherwise, to any unauthorised third party.

You should note that unauthorised disclosure may result in action under the disciplinary procedure, which may include dismissal for gross misconduct. Personal information should be kept in a locked filing cabinet, drawer, or safe. Electronic data should be coded, encrypted, or password protected both on a local hard drive and on a network drive that is regularly backed up. If a copy is kept on removable storage media, that media must itself be kept in a locked filing cabinet, drawer, or safe.

When travelling with a device containing personal data, you must ensure both the device and data is password protected. The device should be kept secure and where possible it should be locked away out of sight i.e. in the boot of a car. You should avoid travelling with hard copies of personal data where there is secure electronic storage available. When it is essential to travel with hard copies of personal data this should be kept securely in a bag and where possible locked away out of sight i.e. in the boot of a car.

5. Restriction of processing

The individual or a *data controller* at the individual's request, has the right to ask the Company to restrict its processing of an individual's *personal data* where:

- The individual challenges the accuracy of the *personal data*;
- The *processing* is unlawful, and the individual opposes its erasure;

- The Company no longer needs the *personal data* for the purposes of the *processing*, but the *personal data* is required for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims; or
- The individual has objected to *processing* (on the grounds of a public interest or legitimate interest) pending the verification whether the legitimate grounds of the Company override those of the individual.

If the Company has given the *personal data* to any third parties it will tell those third parties that it has received a request to restrict the *personal data* unless this proves impossible or involves disproportionate effort. Those third parties should also rectify the *personal data* they hold - however the Company will not be in a position to audit those third parties to ensure that the rectification has occurred.

6.Data portability

The individual shall have the right to receive *personal data* concerning him or her, which he or she has provided to the Company, in a structured, commonly used, and machine-readable format and have the right to transmit those data to another *data controller* in circumstances where:

- The *processing* is based on the individual's *consent* or a contract; and
- The *processing* is carried out by automated means.

Where feasible, the Company will send the *personal data* to a named third party on the individual's request.

7.Object to processing

The individual has the right to object to their *personal data* being processed based on a public interest or a legitimate interest. The individual will also be able to object to the *profiling* of their data based on a public interest or a legitimate interest.

The Company shall cease *processing* unless it has compelling legitimate grounds to continue to process the *personal data* which override the individual's interests, rights, and freedoms or for the establishment, exercise, or defence of legal claims.

The individual has the right to object to their *personal data* for direct marketing.

8.Enforcement of rights

All requests regarding individual rights should be sent to the person whose details are listed in the Appendix.

The Company shall act upon any subject access request, or any request relating to rectification, erasure, restriction, data portability or objection or automated decision-making processes or profiling within one month of receipt of the request. The Company may extend this period for two further months where necessary, taking into account the complexity and the number of requests. The Company is entitled to change the above provisions at any time at its discretion.

Where the Company considers that a request under this section is manifestly unfounded or excessive due to the request's repetitive nature the Company may either refuse to act on the request or may charge a reasonable fee taking into account the administrative costs involved.

9.Automated decision making

The Company will not subject individuals to decisions based on automated *processing* that produce a legal effect or a similarly significant effect on the individual, except where the automated decision:

- Is necessary for the entering into or performance of a contract between the *data controller* and the individual;
- Is authorised by law; or
- The individual has given their explicit *consent*.

The Company will not carry out any automated decision-making or *profiling* using the *personal data* of a child.

Reporting *personal data* breaches

All data breaches should be referred to the persons whose details are listed in the Appendix.

A personal data breach is a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or processed.

The following are examples of data breaches

- a) access by an unauthorised third party;
- b) deliberate or accidental action (or inaction) by a data controller or data processor;
- c) sending personal data to an incorrect recipient;
- d) computing devices containing personal data being lost or stolen;
- e) alteration of personal data without permission;
- f) loss of availability of personal data.

1. *Personal data* breaches where the Company is the *data controller*:

Where the Company establishes that a *personal data breach* has taken place, the Company will take steps to contain and recover the breach. Where a *personal data breach* is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of any individual the Company will notify the ICO.

Where the *personal data breach* happens outside the UK, the Company shall alert the relevant *supervisory authority* for data breaches in the effected jurisdiction.

2. *Personal data* breaches where the Company is the *data processor*:

The Company will alert the relevant *data controller* as to the *personal data breach* as soon as they are aware of the breach.

3. Communicating *personal data* breaches to individuals

Where the Company has identified a *personal data breach* resulting in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of any individual, the Company shall tell all affected individuals without undue delay.

The Company will not be required to tell individuals about the *personal data breach* where:

- The Company has implemented appropriate technical and organisational protection measures to the *personal data* affected by the breach, in particular to make the *personal data* unintelligible to any person who is not authorised to access it, such as encryption.
- The Company has taken subsequent measures which ensure that the high risk to the rights and freedoms of the individual is no longer likely to materialise.
- It would involve disproportionate effort to tell all affected individuals. Instead, the Company shall make a public communication or similar measure to tell all affected individuals.

All individuals have the following rights under the Human Rights Act 1998 (HRA) and in dealing with *personal data* these should be respected at all times:

- Right to respect for private and family life (Article 8).
- Freedom of thought, belief and religion (Article 9).
- Freedom of expression (Article 10).
- Freedom of assembly and association (Article 11).

- Protection from discrimination in respect of rights and freedoms under the HRA (Article 14).
If you have a complaint or suggestion about the Company's handling of *personal data* then please contact the person whose details are listed in the Appendix to this policy.

Alternatively, you can contact the ICO directly on 0303 123 1113 or at <https://ico.org.uk/global/contact-us/email/>

Investigation and Notification

In the event that we become aware of a breach, or a potential breach, an investigation will be carried out. This investigation will be carried out by Kay Wren and Claire Morton.

We will undertake to notify the Information Commissioner of a breach which is likely to pose a risk to people's rights and freedoms without undue delay and at the latest within 72 hours of discovery. If we are unable to report in full within this timescale, we will make an initial report to the Information Commissioner, and then provide a full report in more than one instalment if so required.

We will undertake to notify the individual whose data is the subject of a breach if there is a high risk to people's rights and freedoms without undue delay and may, dependent on the circumstances, be made before the supervisory authority is notified.

Record of Breaches

The Company records all personal data breaches regardless of whether they are notifiable or not as part of its general accountability requirement under GDPR. It records the facts relating to the breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.

List names of those responsible for:-

- Adding, amending or deleting *personal data*;
All Employees of Orion within the Reading and Aylesbury offices will be able to add and amend personal data as this forms a key function in our day to day business activities. Key staff only will be able to delete data
- Responding to subject access requests/requests for rectification, erasure, restriction data portability, objection and automated decision-making processes and profiling;
Kay Wren – Reading Office – 0118 9239239 / reading@orion-group.co.uk
Claire Morton – Aylesbury Office – 01296 737300 / aylesbury@orion-group.co.uk
- Reporting data breaches/dealing with complaints; and/or

Kay Wren – Reading Office – 0118 9239239 / reading@orion-group.co.uk
Grant Nesbitt – Reading Office – 0118 9239239 / reading@orion-group.co.uk
Claire Morton – Aylesbury Office – 01296 737300 / aylesbury@orion-group.co.uk

Data Protection Officer – Kay Wren - 0118 9239239 / kay.wren@orion-group.co.uk

Annex

a) The lawfulness of *processing* conditions for *personal data* are:

1. *Consent* of the individual for one or more specific purposes.
2. *Processing* is necessary for the performance of a contract with the individual or in order to take steps at the request of the individual to enter into a contract.
3. *Processing* is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation that the controller is subject to.
4. *Processing* is necessary to protect the vital interests of the individual or another person.
5. *Processing* is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the *data controller*.
6. *Processing* is necessary for the purposes of legitimate interests pursued by the controller or a third party, except where such interests are overridden by the interests or fundamental rights or freedoms of the individual which require protection of *personal data*, in particular where the individual is a child.

b) The lawfulness of *processing* conditions for *sensitive personal data* are:

1. Explicit *consent* of the individual for one or more specified purposes, unless reliance on *consent* is prohibited by EU or Member State law.
2. *Processing* is necessary for carrying out data controller's obligations under employment, social security or social protection law, or a collective agreement, providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and interests of the individual.
3. *Processing* is necessary to protect the vital interests of the individual or another individual where the individual is physically or legally incapable of giving *consent*.
4. In the course of its legitimate activities, *processing* is carried out with appropriate safeguards by a foundation, association or any other not-for-profit body, with a political, philosophical, religious or trade union aim and on condition that the *processing* relates only to members or former members (or those who have regular contact with it in connection with those purposes) and provided there is no disclosure to a third party without the *consent* of the individual.
5. *Processing* relates to *personal data* which are manifestly made public by the individual.
6. *Processing* is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or whenever courts are acting in their judicial capacity.
7. *Processing* is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest on the basis of EU or Member State law which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respects the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and interests of the individual.
8. *Processing* is necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine, for assessing the working capacity of the employee medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services on the basis of EU or Member State law or a contract with a health professional and subject to the necessary conditions and safeguards.
9. *Processing* is necessary for reasons of public interest in the area of public health, such as protecting against serious cross-border threats to health or ensuring high standards of quality and safety of healthcare and of medicinal products or medical devices, on the basis of EU or Member State law which provides for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights and freedoms of the individual, in particular professional secrecy.
10. *Processing* is necessary for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes, which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard fundamental rights and interests of the individual.